KINDERGARTEN LISTENING AND VIEWING STANDARDS

DATI	E: Assessme	ent Performed by:		
SKIL	LS PERFORMED BY CHILD	_	YES	NO
1.	Follow various one and two step directions			
2.	Take turns in conversations and group situations	;		
3.	Use appropriate volume and tone of voice when	responding to others		
4.	Recognize and respond to non-verbal signals. (e excitement, disapproval)	xample: expressions of		
5.	Recognize the difference between true and false	information		
6.	Identify various sources of factual information			
7.	Identify information that can be used on a persor home phone number)	nal basis (example: 911,		
8.	Explore what makes various audio or visual pres (example: color, sound effects)	entations appealing.		
9.	Use visual organizers to remember everyday info	ormation. (example: labels,		
10.	Ask appropriate questions			
11.	Restate what others say to demonstrate recall			
12.	Use patterns to recall information. (example: alph	nabet song)		

FIRST GRADE LISTENING AND VIEWING STANDARDS

DATE	E: Asse	ssment Performed by:		
SKILI	LS PERFORMED BY CHILD		YES	NO
1.	Follow two and three step oral directions			
2.	Recognize and demonstrate the importance distening	of focusing on the speaker when		
3.	Use appropriate volume and tone of voice wh	en interacting with others		
4.	Summarize what others say with courtesy and	d respect		
5.	Respond appropriately to practical non-verbalights, street crossings)	l signals (example: flashing		
6.	Distinguish between true and false information	n		
7.	Explore ways to find factual information (exa Discovery Channel)	mple: encyclopedias, CD-ROM,		
8.	Describe pertinent information that can be us (example: addresses, phone numbers, emerge	•		
9.	Describe what makes various audio or visual (example: graphics, animation)	presentations appealing		
10.	Use visual cues to remember pertinent inform	nation. (example: calendars)		
11.	Ask appropriate questions to clarify information	on		
12.	Restate information in a sequence similar to simple directions)	how it was presented (example:		
13.	Apply vocal patterns to information for recall. rhythm)	(example: rhymes, songs,		

SECOND GRADE LISTENING AND VIEWING STANDARDS

DATI	E: Assessment I	Performed by:		
SKIL	LS PERFORMED BY CHILD		YES	NO
1.	Follow three and four step oral directions			
2.	Summarize main points presented with courtesy and responding to others	respect when		
3.	Observe and note the gestures and facial expression	ns used by the speaker		
4.	Use appropriate words and expressions when responsitatements of others	nding to the actions or		
5.	Compare related information from different sources videos)	(example: television,		
6.	Describe the impact of true and false information			
7.	Find and use different types of information (example audio-cassettes, Internet)	e: CD-ROM,		
8.	Describe the components of appealing audio or visual (example: graphics, animation, layout, music)	al presentations		
9.	Use visual organizers to remember pertinent informa class schedule, calendar)	ition (example: daily		
10.	Ask different types of questions for different purpose clarification)	es (example: directions,		
11.	Paraphrase information shared by others			
12.	Restate information heard in a logical and understan	ndable sequence		
13.	Create or use rhymes/patterns to recall important inf	ormation (example: I		

before E except after C)

THIRD GRADE LISTENING AND VIEWING STANDARDS

DATI	E: Assessment Performed by:		
SKIL	LS PERFORMED BY CHILD	YES	NO
1.	Listen and respond thoughtfully and respectfully to others		
2.	Listen attentively by making eye contact and facing the speaker		
3.	Ask questions to learn the speaker's point-of-view		
4.	Recognize and interpret non-verbal cues (example: facial expressions gestures, posture)	5, □	
5.	Use descriptive words when responding to the actions of others in problem-solving/ conflict resolution situations		
6.	Identify various approaches used in media to influence the listener or	viewer 🗆	
7.	Determine if information presented is speaker opinion or verifiable fac-	t 🗆	
8.	Identify information that can mislead the listener/viewer (example: advertising infomercials)		
9.	Compare like types of information are from different sources (example CD-ROM, radio, television)	e: 🗆	
10.	Retell, paraphrase, and explain what has been said by a speaker		
11.	Connect prior knowledge and experience to what is seen or heard		
12.	Identify the musical elements of literary language (example: rhymes, repeated sounds)		
13.	Restate information in a logical and sequential order		
14.	Categorize information according to specific topic or subject		

FOURTH GRADE LISTENING AND VIEWING STANDARDS

DAII	Assessment renomied by:		
SKIL	LS PERFORMED BY CHILD	YES	NO
1.	Respond courteously and respectfully to the ideas and thoughts of others		
2.	Listen and share responses in group learning activities		
3.	Ask questions to determine the intended meaning and purpose of the speaker's message		
4.	Observe and assess various non-verbal cues (example: gestures, body language, facial expressions)		
5.	Listen in group settings to aid in specifying goals, devising solutions, and choosing the best course of action		
6.	Analyze the role of the media in focusing attention and in forming opinion		
7.	Distinguish between facts and opinions		
8.	Identify false or misleading information in oral and electronic presentations		
9.	Determine ways of assessing information for accuracy (example: research, investigation)		
10.	Summarize major ideas and supporting evidence presented in spoken messages and formal presentations		
11.	Connect prior experiences, insights, and ideas to what is heard or seen		
12.	Record information while listening		
13.	Paraphrase what others have said for clarification		
14.	Use various references or sources to determine if information is valuable		

(example: encyclopedia, periodicals)

FIFTH GRADE LISTENING AND VIEWING STANDARDS

DAT	TE: Assessment Performed by	<i>7</i> :		
SKIL	LLS PERFORMED BY CHILD		YES	NO
1.	Understand the appropriateness of various listening behaviors in differ situations (example: plays, concerts, lectures, talking with friends)	ent social		
2.	Listen, draw conclusions, and share responses in subject-related group activities	learning		
3.	Ask questions to understand the speaker's point-of-view and clarify no messages	on-verbal		
4.	Interpret gestures and facial expressions meant to support, accentuate, verbal message	or dramatize		
5.	Use active listening skills when determining goals, responsibilities, and various group settings	d progress in		
6.	Analyze media as information provider, entertainer, persuader, informationsmitter of culture	er, and/or		
7.	Distinguish between fact and speaker opinion			
8.	Identify and analyze persuasive techniques used in oral presentations a messages (example: promises, dares and flattery, glittering generalities fallacies)			
9.	Identify ways to determine the reliability of information (example: resproof)	earch, support,		
10.	Summarize information gathered in group activities			
11.	Connect information with prior knowledge and experience for effective	e recall		
12.	Paraphrase the communication of others to clarify the intended messag	ge		
13.	Organize information according to topic or subject			
14.	Restate multi-step oral instructions/directions			

SIXTH GRADE LISTENING AND VIEWING STANDARDS

DATI	E: Assessment Pe	rformed by:		
SKIL	LS PERFORMED BY CHILD		YES	NO
1.	Describe appropriate listening behaviors in various so (example: concerts, plays, classrooms)	cial situations		
2.	Ask questions to seek clarification of ideas			
3.	Summarize, respond to, and evaluate group activities			
4.	Describe and clarify the personal feelings evoked by the communication of others	he non-verbal		
5.	Distinguish between intentional and unintentional non-	-verbal communication		
6.	Examine the reliability and authority of speaker inform	ation		
7.	Determine the effect of images, text, and sound in ele-	ctronic journalism		
8.	Distinguish between fact and fiction in various forms o communication	f oral or visual		
9.	Recognize the use of subliminal messages in various communication	aspects of		
10.	Identify false and misleading information in oral and el	ectronic presentations		
11.	Use questions to clarify instructions and directions			
12.	Classify information received according to subject or to retention	opic for effective		
13.	Use various sources to determine if information is rele (example: journals, encyclopedia, CD-ROM)	vant or useful		
14.	Combine new information with prior knowledge for rec	all		

SEVENTH GRADE LISTENING AND VIEWING STANDARDS

DATE	E: Ass ess men	at Performed by:		
SKIL	LS PERFORMED BY CHILD		YES	NO
1.	Demonstrate appropriate listening behaviors in var (example: school events, assemblies, classrooms)			
2.	Ask specific questions to seek elaboration and cla opinions	rification of ideas and		
3.	Use appropriate listening and interpersonal skills in (example: goal setting, assigning responsibilities)	າ various group situations		
4.	Understand the use of non-verbal skills when complex (example: eye contact, posture, gestures)	municating with others		
5.	Determine the accuracy or validity of speaker infor	mation		
6.	Consider the influence of images, text, and sound journalism	in print/electronic		
7.	Identify persuasive and propaganda techniques us media	sed in television and other		
8.	Identify the use of subliminal messages in various	forms of communication		
9.	Recognize how interpretation of literal and figurative misleading within electronic communication (example advertisement, dramatic action)	•		
10.	Ask questions designed to elicit information as evid message	dence to validate a specific		
11.	Organize information received according to subject retention	t or topic for greater		
12.	Use specific sources to determine the relevance o (example: periodicals, newspapers, CD-ROMs)	r usefulness of information		
13.	Relate new information to prior knowledge for effective	ctive recall		

EIGHTH GRADE LISTENING AND VIEWING STANDARDS

DATE	Asso	essment Performed by:		
SKILL	S PERFORMED BY CHILD		YES	NO
1.	Use appropriate listening skills in various large (example: school sponsored concerts, plays			
2.	Ask probing questions to seek elaboration arideas and opinions	nd clarification of the speaker's		
3.	Use listening skills in group settings to share set goals, choose solutions, monitor progres			
4.	Compare/contrast the influence of the speak communication on listener response	er's verbal and non-verbal		
5.	Evaluate the credibility of the speaker's mess slanted or biased material	sage (example: hidden agendas,		
6.	Analyze the way visual image-makers representists, illustrators, news photographers	sent meaning (example: graphic		
7.	Compare how different information sources (example: newspapers, journals, television)	cover the same situation or event		
8.	Determine the use of subliminal messages in communication	n various aspects of		
9.	Analyze how electronic media uses literal an influence audience interpretation (example:	<u> </u>		
10.	Use various questioning strategies to compre	ehend and recall information		
11.	Classify information received according to suretention	bject or topic for effective		
12.	Use recognized sources to determine the reinformation (example: books, encyclopedias CD-ROMs)			
13.	Connect information received to prior knowled recall	edge for effective retention and		

Page 1 GRADES NINE THROUGH TWELVE LISTENING AND VIEWING STANDARDS

DATE	E: Asset	ssment Performed by:		
SKILI	LS PERFORMED BY CHILD		YES	NO
1.	Evaluate the effect of different verbal cues or (example: speaker's diction, syntax, tone, rate			
2.	Use interpersonal etiquette and maintain an oviewing	ppen mind when listening and		
3.	Ask appropriate, focused, and subject-related of the communication	I questions to interpret the intent		
4.	Summarize, restate, or paraphrase what has and understanding	been presented for clarification		
5.	Interpret instructions and directions presented situations	d in a variety of forms and		
6.	Determine how the clarity and organization of meaning of a message	communication can affect the		
7.	Analyze the influence of non-verbal communi interpretation of the message (example: distra	-		
8.	Analyze the effect of eye contact, facial expreused in oral communication	ession, gestures, and posture		
9.	Analyze the varying effects of different modes nightly news, news magazines, documentarion	• .		
10.	Evaluate the credibility of a speaker and the particle (example: hidden agenda, slanted material, b	•		
11.	Analyze strategies used by the media to infor represent culture (example: advertising, perprepresentations, special effects, language)			
12.	Evaluate types of evidence speakers use for relevance (example: statistics, testimonies, s	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
13.	Analyze types of arguments used by various by causation, analogy, authority, emotion, log			
14.	Analyze how various techniques used to creat presentations may alter the message (examplement) (examplement)			
15.	Distinguish between various forms of logical a persuasion/debate (example: inductive and from syllogisms and analogies)	•		

Page 2 GRADES NINE THROUGH TWELVE LISTENING AND VIEWING STANDARDS

DATI	E: Assessme	ent Performed by:		
SKIL	LS PERFORMED BY CHILD		YES	NO
16.	Understand the use of various language technique ambiguity, vagueness, hedging, assigning arbitrature unsupported arguments)	` .		
17.	Use appropriate, recognized sources to validate to of information (example: books, journals, experts	,		
18.	Paraphrase the speaker's purpose and point-of-v comprehension	iew for clarification and		
19.	Ask relevant questions concerning content and mincreased comprehension and retention	neaning of information for		
20.	Use various grouping, ordering, and mnemonic s recalling information	trategies for organizing and		
21.	Use note-taking techniques to record, synthesize	, and retrieve information		
22.	Recognize and use logical patterns of organization (example: chronological order, topical, cause/effet			